



## EMSA operational services

**EurOcean 2<sup>nd</sup> Technical Consultation,  
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**Satellite based monitoring services**

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## European Maritime Safety Agency - EMSA - in a nutshell

EMSA's mandate refers to "ensuring a high, uniform and effective level of maritime safety, maritime security [...], prevention of pollution and response to pollution by ships within the Community"

Set up of EMSA under Regulation (EC) N° 1406/2002 of  
27.6.2002

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## Objectives of EMSA

Within the fields of maritime safety, pollution prevention from ships and ship security, EMSA has the following main objectives:

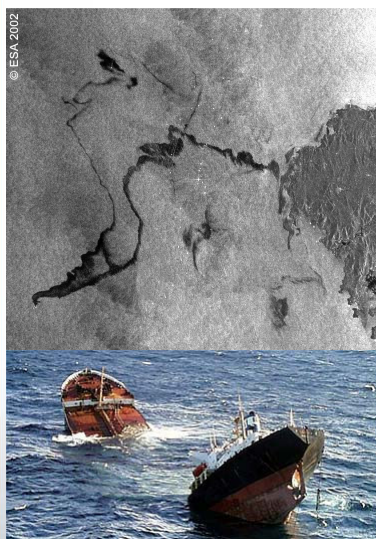
- To ensure the proper **implementation of EU maritime legislation** by Member States
- To foster **technical cooperation** and development and disseminate best practice
- To provide **technical advice** to the Commission and Member States
- To **provide assistance** to top-up Member States' capabilities for **oil pollution response**

## Legal basis

- Founding Regulation of EMSA:  
*...develop and operate any information system necessary for attaining the objectives of [the EU traffic monitoring] directive*
- EU Directive on ship-sourced pollution:  
*...providing technical assistance ... in actions such as tracing discharges by satellite monitoring and surveillance*
  - Regulation 1406/2002/EC, Article 2,d,ii
  - Directive 2005/35/EC, Article 10,2,a

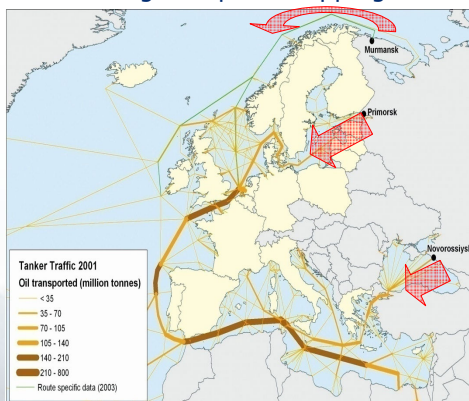
## 1. CSN (CleanSeaNet)

/ European Maritime Safety Agency



The "PRESTIGE"-case

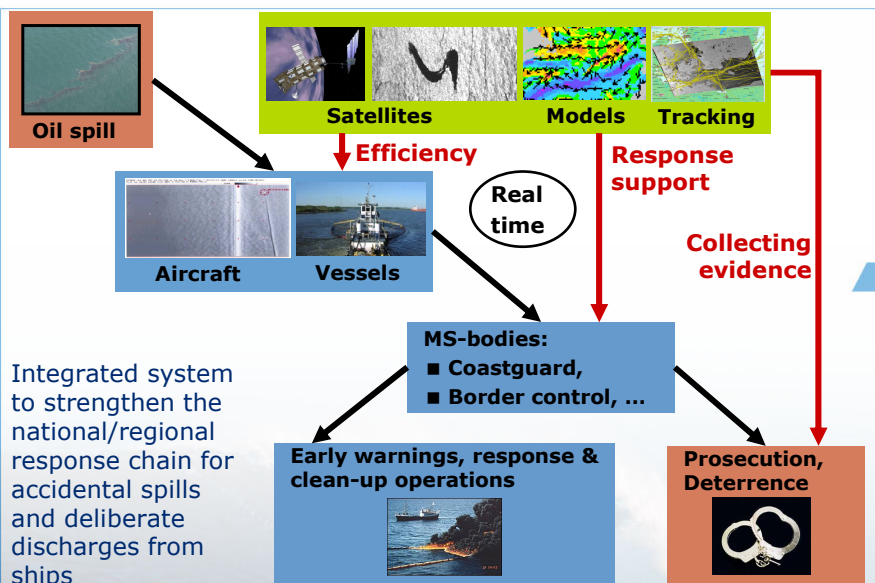
Increase in maritime transport along European shipping routes



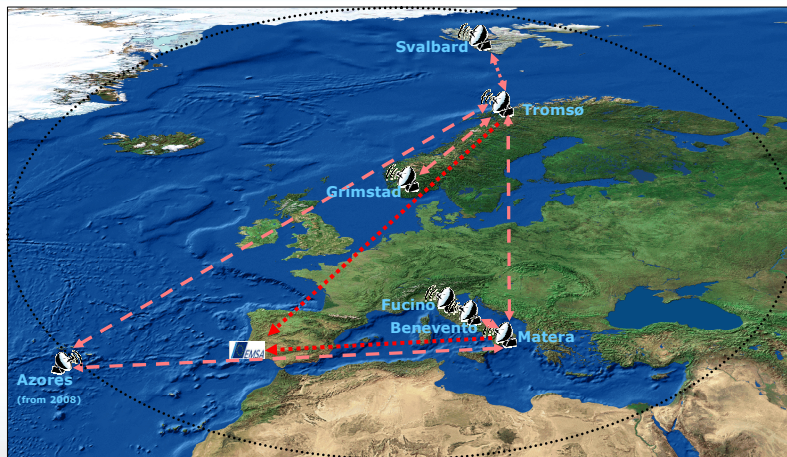
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## Vision for an integrated system

/ European Maritime Safety Agency

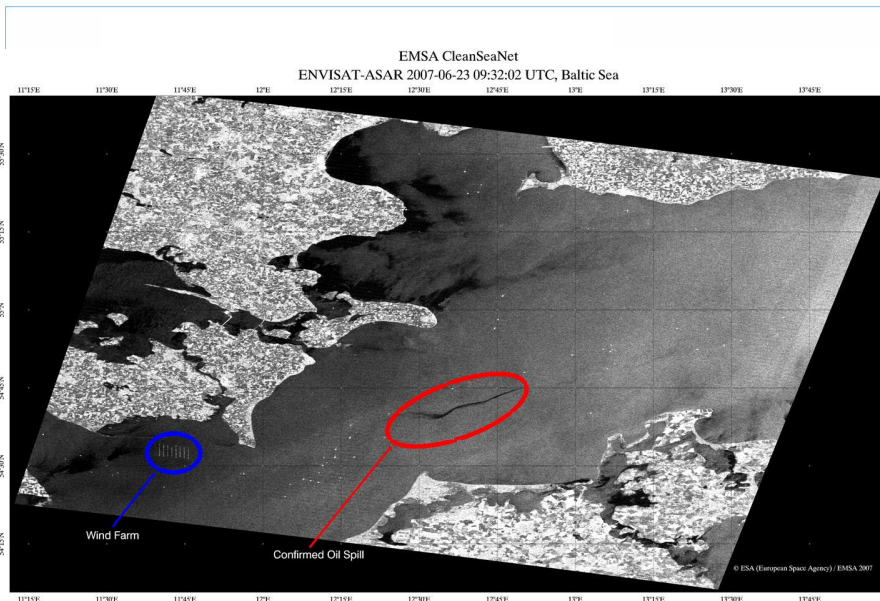


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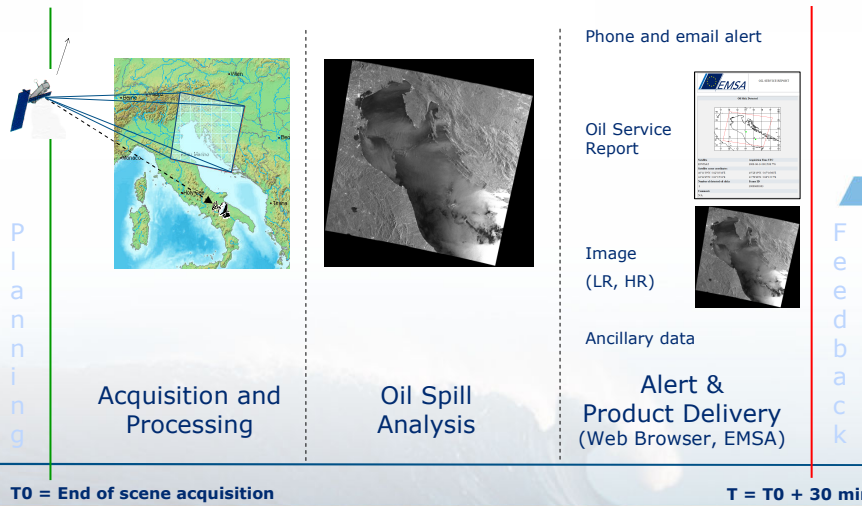
- In co-operation with the European Space Agency, Canadian Space Agency and European Industry
- **30 min. data delivery time**

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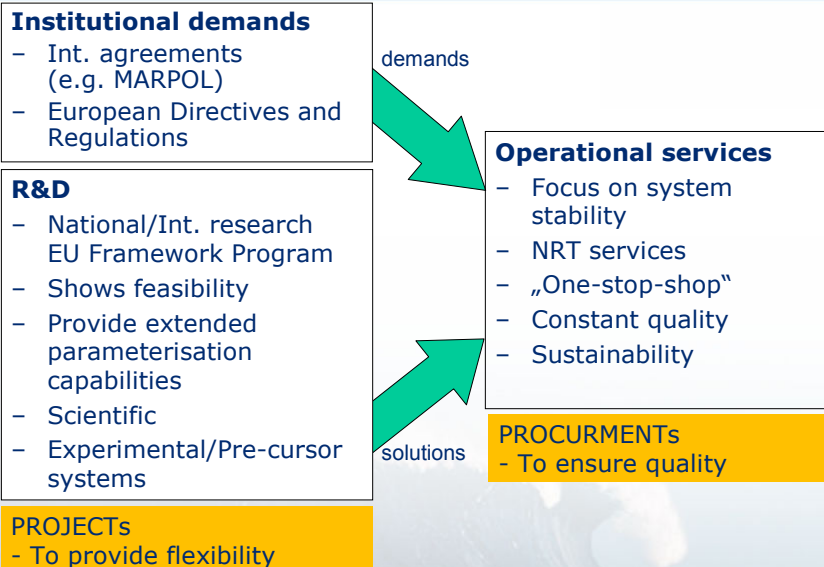
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## CleanSeaNet : Near Real Time service – 30 min.



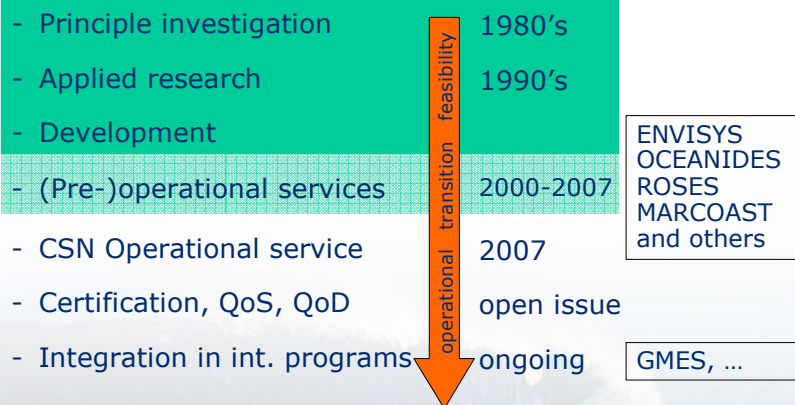
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## From R&D to operational services



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## Service evolution life cycle



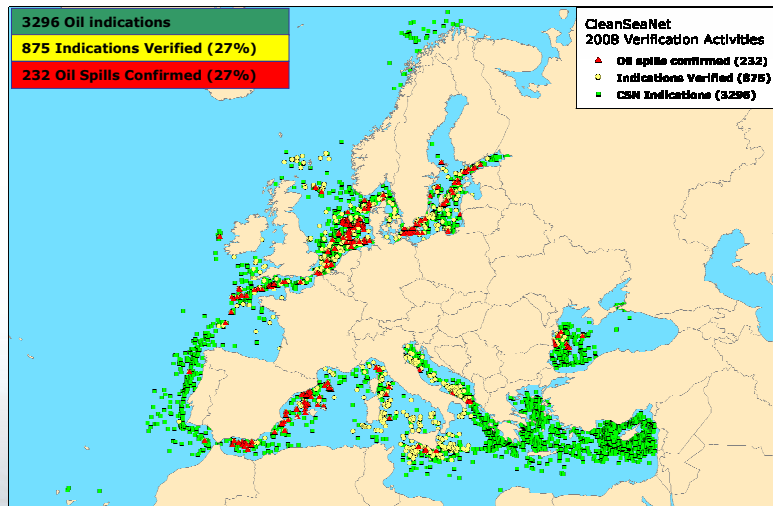
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## What we have achieved

- European standardised service
  - Covering all European waters
  - Comprehensive information easy to access
- Sustainability
- Cost Sharing
  - Sharing of images between EU Member States
  - Economy of scale
- Co-Operation
  - "Oil spill surveillance is a cross border activity"
  - Mutual benefits for coastal states

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## CleanSeaNet Results – All European areas



## What's next

- Remote sensing is a unique technology to identify illicit pollutions, but with
  - integration of modelling and vessel information the systems allows
    - to determine potential polluters, to provide elements for the chain of evidence, to support clean-up operations
- Co-ordination with law enforcement to improve prosecution and deterrence
- CleanSeaNet's 2<sup>nd</sup> generation in 2009/2010
  - Data Centre at EMSA premises
  - New service contracts with satellite service providers for oil spill detection

## 2. LRIT (Long Range Identification and Tracking)

International, world-wide system of **Communication Satellite networks** receiving positioning information from ships. Ships link to a LRIT Data Centre, where every 6 hours messages are collected.

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### Legal basis

- IMO SOLAS Chapter V Reg 19-1
- Council Resolution of 2 Oct 07 and 9 Dec 08
- Directive 2009/17/EC



## LRIT: for safety, security, SAR and environmental protection

- Flag state
  - Receives 4 messages per day on the position of its vessels worldwide, higher frequency possible
- Coastal state
  - Receives the position of all vessels within 1.000 nautical miles of its coast (through its LRIT Data Centre)
- Port state
  - request the position of a vessel (or vessels) coming to its port(s) based on Notice of Arrival
- SAR
  - request LRIT information in relation to the SAR

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## Significance of EU LRIT Data Centre Operational since June 2009

- **EU Flagged ships**

- ✓ Approximately 10 000 vessels

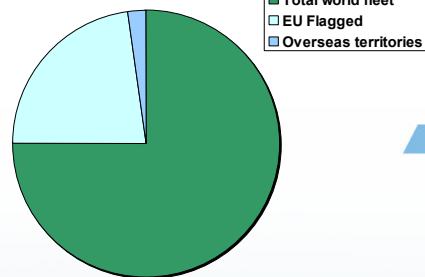
- **Overseas territories**

- ✓ Approximately 1000 vessels

Status Sept. 2009:

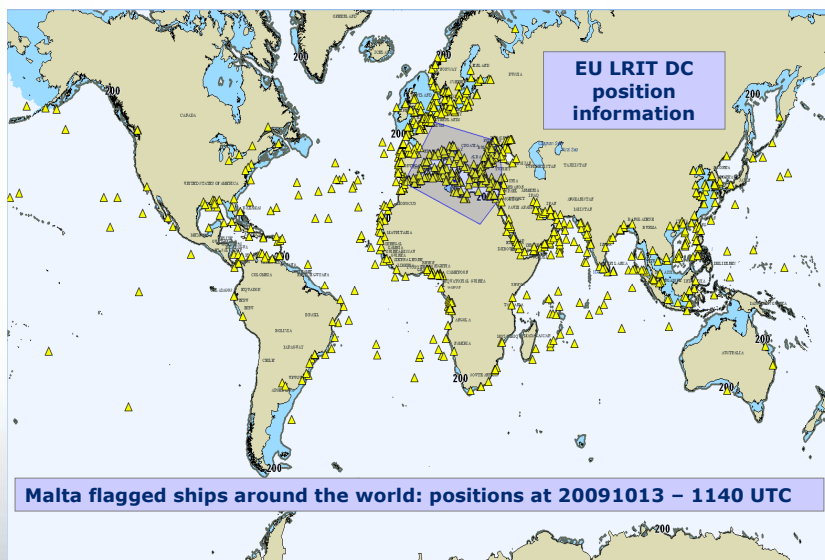
7025 ships in EU DB

Status Sept. 2009:  
7025 ships in EU DB



EU LRIT DC to cover about  
25% of world's fleet

**35 EU/EFTA states, Overseas Territories and third countries participating**



### 3. SafeSeaNet

- A data exchange network and a standardisation of the main information available on ships (all flags) and their cargo
- Providing a clear picture of traffic in EU coastal waters, with an improved monitoring of ships in transit (position update at 6 min. interval)
- EU shore-based network of AIS stations receiving automatic identification radio messages from ships (on board AIS) and Mandatory Reporting Systems (MRS)
- Reporting of incidents and accidents at sea
- Development started in 2004, latest version operational since June 2009

#### Legal basis

EU Vessel Traffic Monitoring Directive 2009/17/EC

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CleanSeaNet - 4th User Group Meeting - 2 December 2008

### SafeSeaNet information sources/users

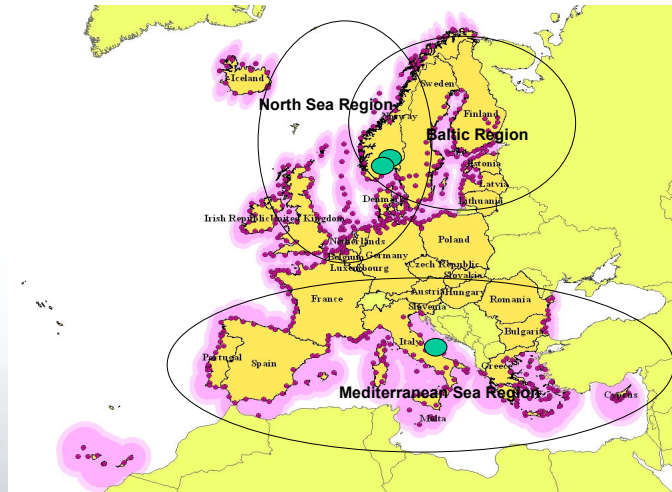
#### Data providers

- AIS: on board AIS and shore based networks
- Ships' movements and cargoes: ships' masters, owners, agents
- Incidents and accidents reporting: VTS's, MRCC's, Port Authorities, Coast Guards, Pollution survey centres

#### Data users

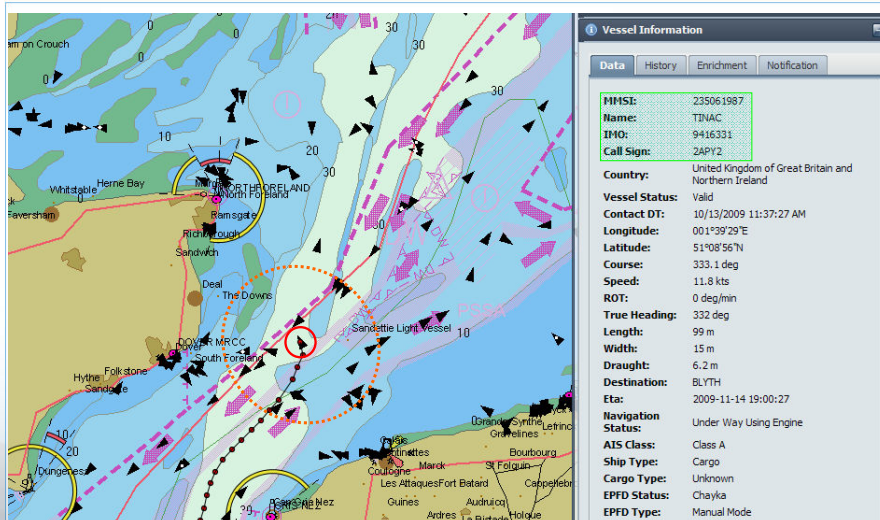
- 2326 authorities participating in SafeSeaNet from all Member States
- 556 authorized users having direct access to information

## SafeSeaNet: European AIS Coastal Stations



March 2008:  
727 Stations

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Real-time monitoring and collision avoidance capabilities

# Thank you very much!

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